The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (Currently Amended) A method for regulating fertility with or without an additional follicular sex steroid comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a ER\$\beta\$-selective ligand to a patient in need thereof 17-Chloro-D homosteroid of formula I

$$R_{1}O$$
 $R_{2}$ 
 $R_{2}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 

(I)

in which

R<sub>1</sub> is a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkanoyl radical or a benzoyl radical,

 $R_2$  is a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group,

 $R_3$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkanoyl radical or a benzoylyl radical, and

R4 is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical, a  $C_nF_{2n+1}$  group, in which n=1, 2 or 3, or a  $C \equiv CR_5$  group, in which  $R_5$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical or an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl radical.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended) The method according to claim1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount of a 17-Chloro-D homosteroid of formula I ERβ-selective agonist is administered for the treatment of female infertility.

Claim 3 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 2 in connection with in

vitro fertilization.

Claim 4 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 2, wherein said female infertility is ovarian infertility.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended) A method for treating ovarian failure associated with aging comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a ERB selective ligand to a patient in need thereof 17-Chloro-D homosteroid of formula I

$$R_1$$
  $R_2$   $R_2$   $R_3$   $R_4$   $R_4$   $R_1$ 

in which

R<sub>1</sub> is a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkanoyl radical or a benzoyl radical,

R<sub>2</sub> is a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group,

 $\underline{R_3}$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $\underline{C_{1-6}}$  alkyl radical, a  $\underline{C_{1-6}}$  alkanoyl radical or a benzoylyl radical, and

(I)

R4 is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical, a  $C_nF_{2n+1}$  group, in which n=1, 2 or 3, or a  $C \equiv CR_5$  group, in which  $R_5$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical or an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl radical.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount of a ER\$\beta\$-selective antagonist 17-Chloro-D homosteroid of formula I is administered for ovarian contraception.

Claim 7 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 6, wherein said method

inhibits folliculogenesis.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 6, wherein said method inhibits ovulation.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 6, wherein said method inhibits preimplantational development of ovulated oocytes.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended) A method for regulating fertility without additional use of a follicular sex steroid comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising a ERβ-selective ligand 17-Chloro-D homosteroid of formula I according to claim 12 1.

Claim 11 (Cancelled)

Claim 12 (Currently Amended) A 17-Chloro-D homosteroid of formula I

in which

 $R_1$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkanoyl radical or a benzoyl radical,

 $R_2$  is a  $C_{1-8}$   $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group,

 $R_3$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkyl radical, a  $C_{1\text{-}6}$  alkanoyl radical or a benzoylyl radical, and

R4 is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical, a  $C_nF_{2n+1}$  group, in which n=1, 2 or 3, or a  $C \equiv CR_5$  group, in which  $R_5$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical or an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl radical.

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## Claim 13 (Cancelled)

Claim 14 (Currently Amended) <u>A compound Compounds</u> of general formula I according to claim 12 namely which is:

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17-Chloro-17aα-ethinyl-17a,18a-dihomo-estra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol
17-chloro-17aα-propinyl-17a, 18a-dihomo-estra-1, 3,5(10), 16-tetraene-3, 17aβ-diol
17-chloro-13\beta-ethyl-17a\alpha-methyl-17a,18a-dihomo-estra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-
3,17a\u03b3-diol
17aβ-acetoxy-17-chloro-17aα-methyl-17a, 18a-dihomo-estra-1, 3, 5(10), 16-tetraene-3-
17-chloro-17aα-(trifluoromethyl)-17a,18a-dihomo-estra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-
diol
17-chloro-17aα-(pentafluoroethyl)-17a,18a-dihomo-estra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-
3,17a<sub>β</sub>-diol
17-chloro-17aα-methyl-17aβ-(methoxy)-17a,18a-dihomo-estra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-
3-ol
17-chloro-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol
17-chloro-17aα-(trifluoromethyl)-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol
17-chloro-17aα-(pentafluoroethyl)-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol-
17-chloro-17aα-methyl-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol
17-chloro-17a\alpha-ethyl-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17a\beta-diol
17-chloro-17aα-ethinyl-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol
17-chloro-17aα-propinyl-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol
17-chloro-17aα-(trifluoromethyl)-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-3,17aβ-diol-
diacetate
17aβ-acetoxy-17-chloro-17aα-(trifluoromethyl)-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-
17-chloro-17aβ-methoxy-17aα-(trifluoromethyl)-17a-homoestra-1,3,5(10), 16-tetraene-
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17-chloro- $(17a\alpha)$ -21-(4'-methylsulfonylphenyl)-17a,18a-dihomogona-1,3,5(10),16-tetraen-20-yne-3, $17a\beta$ -diol

17-chloro-(17a $\alpha$ )-21-(phenyl)-13 $\beta$ -methyl-17a-homogona-1.3,5(10),16-tetraen-20-yne-3,17a $\beta$ -diol

17-chloro-(17a $\alpha$ )-21-(4'-cyanophenyl)-13 $\beta$ -methyl-17a-homogona-1,3,5(10),16-tetraen-20-yne-3,17a $\beta$ -diol

17-chloro-(17a $\alpha$ )-21-(4'-acetylaminophenyl)-13 $\beta$ -methyl-17a-homogona-1,3,5(10),16-tetraen-20-yne-3,17a $\beta$ -diol or

17-chloro-(17a $\alpha$ )-21-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-13 $\beta$ -methyl-17a-homogona-1,3,5(10),16-tetraen-20-yne-3,17a $\beta$ -diol.

Claim 15 (Previously Presented) A process for the production of a 17-chloro-D-homosteroid of the formula I according to claim 12,

$$R_{1}O$$
 $R_{2}$ 
 $R_{3}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $Cl$ 
 $R_{1}O$ 

comprising converting a 17-chloro-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-17-one of formula II

$$\mathbb{R}_{1}$$
O (II)

in which

 $R_1$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-5}$  alkyl radical, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkanoyl radical or a benzoyl radical,  $R_2$  is  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group,

with a magnesium-organic reagent of general formula BrMg alkyl, BrMg alkenyl or BrMg alkinyl or with acetylene or an alkyl- or aryl-substituted acetylene in the presence of a base, or with a lithium-organic compound, or with a silicon-organic compound into a  $17a\alpha$ -substituted compound of formula III,

in which

 $R_1$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkanoyl radical or a benzoyl radical,  $R_2$  is a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group,

(III)

R<sub>3</sub> is a hydrogen atom, a metal atom or a silyl group, and

 $R_4$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, a  $C_nF_{2n+1}$  group, in which n=1, 2 or 3, or a  $C \equiv CR_5$  group, in which  $R_5$  is a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical or an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl radical,

whereby in the case of  $R_5$  = hydrogen, the free 17a $\alpha$ -ethinyl compound of general formula III is further modified by a SONAGASHIRA reaction to form compounds with  $R_5$  =  $C_6H_4R_6$ , in which  $R_6$  stands for a free or substituted hydroxyl group, amino group, thiol group, sulfamate group, sulfonyl group or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group or a  $C_{6-12}$  aryl group.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended) The process according to claim  $\underline{15}$  14, wherein said compound of formula III in which  $R_1$  is a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl radical, is converted by ether cleavage into a free hydroxyl group.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended) The process according to claim  $\underline{15}$  14, wherein said compound of formula II, in which  $R_1$  is an acyl radical, is converted by ether cleavage into a free hydroxyl groups.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 15 14, wherein said compound of formula II in which R<sub>3</sub> is a hydrogen atom, is converted into ethers or esters.

Claim 19 (Previously Presented) A method for contraception in women comprising

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administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula I according to claim 12.

Claim 20 (Previously Presented) A method for contraception in men comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula I according to claim 12.

- Claim 21 (Previously Presented) A method for treating benign or malignant proliferative diseases of the ovary comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula I according to claim 12.
- Claim 22 (Currently Amended) The method of claim <u>21</u> <del>20</del>, wherein said malignant proliferative disease is ovarian cancer.
- Claim 23 (Currently Amended) The method of claim <u>21</u> <del>20</del>, wherein said malignant proliferative disease is a granulosa cell tumor.
- Claim 24 (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound according to claim 12, as well as a pharmaceutically compatible vehicle.
- Claim 25 (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12, further comprising a GnRH antagonist, a progesterone receptor antagonist, a mesoprogestin, a gestagen or a tissue-selective gestagen.
- Claim 26 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 2, in connection with an in vivo treatment.
- Claim 27 (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 15 method-according to elaim 14, wherein said base is tert-BuOK.

Claim 28 (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 15 method according to elaim 14, wherein said lithium organic compound is  $LiC_2F_5$ .

Claim 29 (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 15 method according to elaim 14, wherein said silicon-organic compound is trifluoromethyl trimethylsilane.